1 **ARTICLE 6 CLUSTER NEIGHBORHOODS** 2 3 6.1 Authority 4 This article is adopted pursuant to the provisions of RSA 674:21, Innovative Land Use Controls, and shall be administered by the Planning Board through the conditional use permit process described in this 5 Article. 6 7 6.2 Purpose 8 The purpose of this Article is to allow greater flexibility in the design of <u>housingresidential</u> projects; 9 discourage development sprawl; provide for a more efficient use of land in harmony with its natural 10 characteristics; preserve larger areas of more useable undisturbed or conservation? open space, 11 agricultural land, tree cover, recreation areas, and scenic vistas; protect areas of steep slopes; promote 12 the historic and rural character of Canterbury; and to expand the opportunity for development of more 13 affordable-residential housing-options for all residents. 14 6.3 Goals 15 It is the intent of this Article to authorize the Planning Board, in granting a conditional use permit, to 16 allow cluster neighborhoods in those districts that permit them as a conditional use, and to modify the 17 district requirements for lot size, frontage, and setbacks for cluster neighborhoods. In reviewing such 18 applications, the Planning Board shall ensure that the following criteria are met: 19 Α. That the purpose and intent of the Zoning Ordinance will be upheld 20 Β. That the proposed development will be consistent with the goals, policies, and recommendations of Canterbury's Plan for Tomorrow, 21 22 C. That the proposed development will not have adverse impacts upon the character of 23 Canterbury,; 24 D. That the proposed development complies with all provisions of the Canterbury Site Plan Review 25 and Subdivision Regulations.; 26 That the proposed development meets the Farmhouse Alternative or Village Design Standards 27 found in Appendices A & B 28 6.4 **General Requirements** 29 Α. The permitted uses in a cluster neighborhood are residential dwelling units with not more than 6 30 units in any structure., except as permitted under Section 6.7, Farmstead Alternative. A limited 31 area of commercial or mixed uses (residential/commercial) may be incorporated into the cluster 32 neighborhood at the Planning Board's discretion. ? if PB determines it complies with spirit and 33 intent of the ordinance?

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B. Cluster neighborhoods are permitted as a conditional use in the Agricultural/Conservation (A),
 Residential (R), and Rural (Ru), Center Historic (CHD), and the Shaker Village Museum (SVMPD)
 Districts.

- C. <u>The density, or The</u> maximum number of residential dwelling units permitted in a cluster
 neighborhood, may not exceed the the maximum allowable net residential density allowed
 under Section 5.2 of the Zoning Ordinance, for the zone district in which the development is
 located, except when a request for a density incentive is approved by the Planning Board for a
 density bonus under Section 6.6 or Section 6.7.
- 43 D. <u>All cC</u>luster neighborhoods shall have a minimum tract size of 10 acres. <u>The minimum tract size</u>
 44 <u>for a Farmstead Alternative proposal under Section 6.7, shall be five acres.</u>
- 45 E. In the interest of flexibility and creative site design, there is no minimum lot size for lots within46 cluster neighborhoods.
- F. Road frontage. The minimum road frontage for a tract on which a cluster neighborhood is
 proposed shall be the same as the frontage required for an individual lot in the zone district in
 which the tract is located. There shall be no minimum frontage requirement for individual lots
 within a cluster neighborhood. Individual lots or units will not have individual access to existing
 public roads.
- G. In the interest of flexibility and creative housing designs, there shall be no minimum setback for
 individual house lots within a cluster development. Building envelopes shall be shown on the
 plan delineating where structures, dwelling units, wells, and septic systems will be placed on the
 tract of land. There shall be a minimum setback of 50 feet for all structures along all property
 lines of the parcel being developed. <u>There shall be a minimum of 25 feet between structures</u>.
- H. Access to individual units shall be provided by private roads or driveways that are designed and
 engineered to carry the anticipated traffic load. The Planning Board may consult with a
 professional engineer for peer review of all engineered plans at the applicant's expense. No
 roadways shall be considered for acceptance by the Town without being constructed to Town
 Standards as described in the Subdivision Regulations.
- 62 I. There shall be a minimum of 5650% of the total land area of the parcel dedicated as common
 63 openconservation open space that shall remain undisturbed, except for approved agricultural or
 64 recreational uses. govern, which shall be restricted as follows The following restrictions shall
 65 apply to the common open space:
- 66 1. There shall be no further subdivision of or development of the common open space 67 areas, which shall be preserved in perpetuity as undisturbed (this needs a definition: ? 68 Paved trails? Motorized vehicles?Greenhouses? Indoor animal production?) open spaces 69 used only for any approved recreational or agricultural or recreational uses approved by 70 bothe the PB and CC. - Legal instruments which preserve the common open space in perpetuity, including the language of deed restrictions if applicable, shall be submitted 71 72 to the Planning Board for approval. The Planning Board may refer these instruments or 73 restrictions to Town Counsel for review.

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74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82		2.	The conservationommon open space shall be permanently deeded either to athe homeowners' association or may be deeded to the Town or a conservation organization, which shall be responsible for taxes, maintenance, compliance with Aritcle 6,4. I. 1 of this ordinance and the cost of conservation monitoring, as specified by the Town. or il applicable, private arrangements may be made to continue the agricultural use of appropriate portions of the open space. In such cases where agricultural pursuits will take place on the open space, a maximum of 75% of the total open space in the development may be used for agricultural pursuits, and the remainder shall be reserved for the use and enjoyment of the residents.	
83 84 85 86			a. Legal instruments which preserve the conservationommon open space in perpetuity. including the language of deed restrictions if applicable, shall be submitted to the Planning Board for approval. The Planning Board may refer these instruments or restrictions to Town Counsel for review.	
87 88 89 90 91		3.	The open space may be useable for recreational or other outdoor living purposes and may include recreational facilities that are consistent with the size and type of the development. This can include but is not limited to sidewalks, paths, benches, and picnic tables for passive recreation, swimming pools, tennis courts, ballfields, or a children's playground for active recreation.	
92 93 94 95		4.	Open space may include wells, septic systems, and subsurface drainage infrastructure, but shall not include any structure or impervious surface other than the recreational amenities listed above. In no case may access drives and parking areas be counted as open space, regardless of surface.	
96 97		<u>3.</u>	The Planning Board may require a program for future monitoring of any or all easements and permit conditions affecting the conservation common open open space.	
98 99	J.		rres in a proposed cluster neighborhood shall meet either the Voluntary Farmhouse Standards or Voluntary Village Design Standards found in Appendices A & B	
100	6.5	Condit	ional Use <u>(CU)</u> Permit	
101 102 103 104	A.	Board. project	ster neighborhoods shall obtain approval of a <u>conditional useCU</u> permit from the Planning The <u>conditional useCU</u> permit application shall include a narrative that describes the and addresses the requirements of this Article, as well as a yield plan that reasonably istrates the permitted density on the parcel.	
105 106	В	•••	ations for a conditional use<u>CU</u> permits for a cluster neighborhood shall be made in an an	
107 108	C.		reviewing a conditional use<u>CU</u> permit application for a cluster development, the Planning shall take into consideration the following:	
109		1.	The location, character and natural features of the parcel.	
110		2.	The landscaping, topography and natural drainage.	

111		3.	Vehicular access, circulation and parking.	
112		4.	Pedestrian circulation.	
113		5.	Signs and lighting.	
114 115		6.	Proposed architecture <u></u> t hat should meet either the Farmhouse Alternative or Village Design Standards found in Appendices A & B	
116 117 118	D.	the req	tional use <u>CU</u> permit shall be issued only if a cluster neighborhood complies with all of uirements of this Article. The Planning Board may set reasonable <u>additional</u> conditions any to accomplish the objectives of this Article or of Canterbury's Plan for Tomorrow.	
119	E.	Standa	ds of Review	
120 121		•	hall govern the Planning Board's consideration of any and all $\underline{CUConditional Use Pp}$ ermit nder this Article:	
122 123 124 125 126 127 128	1.	met, th require accomp Applica	e opinion of the Planning Board, all of the standards described in this Article have been e Board shall issue the <u>CU permitConditional Use Permit (CUP</u>). The CU <u>permitP</u> shall also the approval of any accompanying site plan or subdivision applications. In the event any panying site plan or subdivision application is denied by the Board or withdrawn by the nt, the CU <u>P permit</u> approval shall be deemed null and void. The Planning Board may or t affix other conditions of approval at their discretion.	
129 130 131	2.		e opinion of the Planning Board, all of the standards of Section 6.6 have been met, the nay grant a density bonus or bonuses as described in that section.	
132	6.6	Density	Bonus	
133 134	A.		mplary cluster neighborhood proposals, the Planning Board, at its discretion, may grant a bonus of not more than 20%, if one-each, or more of the following criteria are met:	
135 136		1.	Preservation of 75% or more of the parcel as open space in the Residential or Rural Zone Districts.	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Hanging: 0.5"
137		2.	Preservation and maintenance of five or more acres of contiguous, open field.	
138		<u>3</u>	4-	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", Hanging: 0.5"
139 140 141 142		3 .	Preservation or construction of 1,000 linear feet or more of connected stone walls. <u>The</u> <u>connected stone walls shall be visible to the public and breaks for driveways and</u> <u>walkways are permitted.</u>	
143		4 <u>4</u> .	Maintenance of existing or new agricultural use(s) on the property.	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", First line: 0.5"
144 145	<u>? to</u>	5 5. own resi	Provision of planned pedestrian access, such as sidewalks or maintained trails <u>for public</u> dents use. .	

146 147	lik	6 6. ke not lim	Provision of other outdoor amenity for public use – do we need to define public use - ited to 8:30 to 9 am first Thursday?-		
148		7 7.	Use of community well or septic system serving six or more units		
149		8 8.	Provision for public access to conservation of open space.		
150 151	<u>ea</u>	<u>9. ? CC</u> asement?	asked for bonus if conservation area is contiguous with other tract with conservation		
152 153	В.		density bonus may be granted by the Planning Board if one criterion is met, 15% for two , and 20% for three or more criteria.		
154 155	C.		ity bonus that yield <u>ing a half unit or more</u> s less than one dwelling unit shall not be d may be rounded up.		
156	6.7	Farmst	ead Alternative		
157	Α.	Genera	Il Requirements		
158 159		<u>1.</u>	All underlying zoning requirements shall apply, except for those variations listed in this section.	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5"
160 161		<u>2.</u>	This option for development is permitted only in the Rural (RU) or Residential (R) districts. ? not in CHD or SVMPD?		
162 163 164		<u>3.</u>	The permitted uses are residential units located within one farmhouse and accessory structures. No more than six residential units are permitted in any single "Farmhouse Alternative" development.		
165		4.	The minimum tract size for development is 5 acres.	•	Formatted: Indent: First line: 0.5"
166		<u>5.</u>	The maximum density of any "Farmstead Alternative" development shall not exceed be	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5"
167 168 169			one dwelling unit per acre, including any density bonus granted under Section 6.6, subject to any limitation set forth by the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services for the siting of wells and septic systems, whichever is more restrictive.		
170 171		<u>6.</u>	The minimum setback for new structures from all property lines shall be 50 feet. The Planning Board may waive this requirement for an existing historic farm with new		
172			construction no closer than the closest existing property setback.		
173		<u>7.</u>	Planning Board approval of a CU permit and site plan are required.	•	Formatted: Indent: First line: 0"
174 175 176		<u>8.</u>	Planning Board approval of a subdivision is required for any division of property, including condominium units. A homeowner's association shall be required to maintain all property held in common.	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5"
177 178		<u>9.</u>	All proposed dwelling units shall be located within structures that meet Section 6.8(B), Voluntary Farmstead Design Standards.		
179 180 181 182		<u>10.</u>	Access to individual units shall be provided by private roads or driveways that are designed and engineered to carry the anticipated traffic load. The Planning Board may consult with a professional engineer for peer review of all engineered plans at the applicant's expense. No roadways shall be considered for acceptance by the Town		

183		without being constructed to Town Standards as described in the Subdivision
184		Regulations.
185	В.	Voluntary Farmstead Design Standards

186 For the first few hundred years of Canterbury's existence as a town, residents were almost exclusively

187 involved in some sort of farming for their livelihood. Many farms and much farmland have been lost

over the years due to depopulation, and more recently due to conversion of farmland for residential
 development, but iconic historic farms that dot the town's landscape still form an integral part of

190 <u>Canterbury's rural character.</u>

191 <u>Connected and semi-connected farms from the 18th and 19th Centuries are in fact a distinctive part of the</u>

192 heritage of northern New England, along with the fields and stonewalls that surround them. Today these

193 <u>historic farms with their large barns and outbuildings are sometimes lovingly restored, but sadly some</u>

are neglected. Many of these buildings no longer serve the large families and agrarian purposes that

195 <u>they once did.</u> These buildings and their classic forms can be repurposed for the needs of today,

196 however. Demographics are changing in town and the need for more housing options was identified in

- 197 <u>Canterbury's Plan for Tomorrow.</u> The Farmstead Alternative ordinance and these accompanying design
- 198 <u>standards are intended to provide a needed option for residential development in keeping with the</u>

199 <u>character of Canterbury.</u>200



Route 103, Warner, NH, A 19th Century farm on 2 acres

converted to eleven residential units.



640 Maple Street, Contoocook, NH, An 1880 farmhouse on 5.5 acres near Exit 6, 189 that was converted into eight residential units.

204 <u>Standards</u>

I

205 206		velopment using the incentives provided in this section, Farmstead Alternative, shall meet the ng general standards:
207	<u>1.</u>	Buildings and grouping of buildings shall be designed to closely resemble traditional building
208		forms of northern New England farms of the 18 th and 19 th Centuries (building form examples are
209		shown below).
210	2	Participan shall be a feature extension of the and starting to the test starting of the starti

- 210 <u>2. Buildings shall be of a proportional size and similar to existing connected, and semi-connected</u>
 211 <u>historic farms of Canterbury.</u>
- 212 <u>3. Building materials shall be brick, stone, or wood, or materials that simulate their appearance.</u>

- 213 214 215 216 4. Rooflines shall be pitched and similar to the building form examples shown below.
 - Distinguishing architectural features found in historic farms, such as trim, porches, and windows 5.
 - with panes (or simulated) should be incorporated into the design.
 - 6. Use of colors commonly found in historic New England villages and farms is encouraged.

217 **Building Form Examples**

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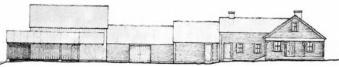


Illustration from: Hubka, Thomas C.. "Maine's Connected Farm Buildings." Maine History 18-139-170. https://digitalcommons.library.umaine.edu/mainehistoryiournal/vol18/iss3/3

221

222 6.87 Submission Requirements

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- _ .
- 3 The following material shall be included in a formal application:
 - 1. Complete Site Plan application, per the Canterbury Site Plan Review regulations
- 2. CUP narrative describing the project and addressing the requirements of this article.
- Complete Subdivision application for all divisions of property, per the Canterbury
 Subdivision Regulations.

228 6.9 Commercial Cluster Development

- A. PURPOSE. The purpose of commercial cluster development is to encourage the preservation
 of open space while allowing Commercial -appropriatelyand-zoned lindustrial zoned land to be
 flexibly developed so that individual lot size and frontage requirements might be varied to suit
 individual needs while complying with overall density and open space requirements.
- 233 B. GENERAL STANDARDS/PROCEDURE. Commercial cluster development under this section may 234 be used only for permitted uses in the Commercial and Industrial Zones -upon approval of the 235 subdivision and site plan by the Planning Board. The total number of lots in the commercial 236 cluster development shall not exceed the number of lots that would be allowed if the entire 237 tract were developed consistent with dimensional requirements otherwise applicable to the 238 property. ?Density Bonuses as in 6.6 & 6.7? In acting upon an application for commercial cluster 239 development, the Planning Board shall follow the procedural requirements under its Subdivision 240 **Regulations and Site Plan Review Regulations.**
- 241 C. REQUIREMENTS FOR APPROVAL
- (1) The Planning Board may approve the proposed commercial cluster development if it
 finds that the Plan furthers the purposes of this section and the Canterbury Zoning
 Ordinance and Master Plan and if the plan otherwise serves the public interest.
 (2) The Planning Board may approve a commercial cluster development which does not
 conform to the otherwise applicable minimum lot size and frontage requirements where
- 247the Board finds that the proposed development will increase protected open space,248reduce public -and/or private expenditures for construction and maintenance of249infrastructure, and where such development would otherwise further objectives of250proper land use planning.

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251 252	3.The minimum conservation open space requirement for a commercial cluster development shall be 50%.	
253	D. INDIVIDUAL LOT DESIGN. The design of individual lots within a commercial cluster	 Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5"
254	development shall conform to the same minimum standards as set forth for Cluster	Formatted: Font color: Red
255	Neighborhoods <u>?including density bonus 6.6 & 6.7 under this Article, except that individual lots</u>	Formatted: Font color: Red
256	may front on a Town or State maintained road, when approved by the Planning Board. This is not	
257	preferred. Delete? There is provision for applicant to ask for this if they need?	